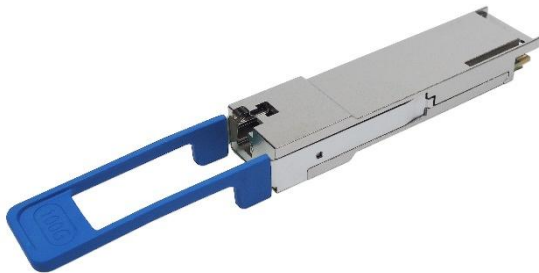




100G QSFP28 ZR4 BiDi Transceiver
Hot Pluggable, BiDi LC, SMF 80KM, DDM
Tx LWDM 1273.55~1286.66nm EML / Rx 1295.56~1309.14nm, C-Temp

Part Number: FQ28-K8-L73-80D



Overview

FQ28-K8-L73-80D is a 4-Channel LWDM 1300nm QSFP28 BiDi transceiver for 100GbE applications especially in Telecom, Datacom, Data Center & Storage networks. The transmitter converts 4-Channel 25G electrical input data to four LWDM optical signals and multiplex that into aggregated 100G signal. The receiver de-multiplex the 100G signal reversely and converts that to 4-Channel 25G electrical output data. The techniques bring a compact transceiver module for an aggregate bandwidth of 100Gbps up to SMF 80km optical links.

Applications

- 100GBASE-ZR4 Ethernet
- Infiniband QDR and DDR
- Data Centers Switch Interconnect
- Server and Storage Area Network Interconnect

Features

- Compatible with IEEE802.3ba 100GBASE-ER4
- Compliant with SFF-8665 QSFP28 MSA
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3bm CAUI-4 Interface
- 4CH LWDM MUX / DEMUX design
- Optical Data Rate NRZ 25.78125Gbps per Lane
- Built in Tx CDR and Rx CDR
- Hot Pluggable QSFP28 footprint
- O-Band LWDM 1273.55~1286.66nm EML transmitter
- SOA + PIN receiver
- Simplex LC connector
- 2-wire interface for management and diagnostic monitor compliant with SFF-8636
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Operating Temperature 0~+70°C
- Link distance 80km over SM fiber with FEC
- Maximum Power consumption 5.5W
- RoHS compliant



Laser Safety

- This is a Class 1 Laser Product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3., as described in Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.
- Caution: Use of control or adjustments or performance of procedure other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameters | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|
| Storage Temperature | T _{ST} | -40 | +85 | °C |
| Relative Humidity | RH | 15 | 85 | % |
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | -0.5 | +3.6 | V |

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameters | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--|---------------------|-------|----------|----------------------|------|
| Case Operating Temperature | T _{OP} | 0 | - | +70 | °C |
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | +3.13 | +3.3 | +3.47 | V |
| Supply Current | I _{CC} | | | 1650 | mA |
| Electrical Data Rate, per Lane (NRZ) | D _{RELE} | | 25.78125 | | Gb/s |
| Optical Data Rate (PAM4) | D _{ROPT} | | 53.125 | | GBd |
| Data Rate Accuracy | ΔDR | -100 | | +100 | ppm |
| Bit Error Rate (Pre-FEC) | BER _{PRE} | | | 2.4x10 ⁻⁴ | |
| Bit Error Rate (Post-FEC) | BER _{POST} | | | 1x10 ⁻¹² | |
| Power Consumption (3.3V) | P | | | 5.5 | W |
| Transceiver Power-on Initialization Time | | | | 2000 | ms |
| Control Input Voltage High | V _{IH} | 2.0 | | V _{CC} | V |
| Control Input Voltage Low | V _{IL} | 0 | | 0.8 | V |
| Fiber Link Distance (SMF) | D | | | 80 | km |



Transmitter Electro-optical Characteristics

V_{CC} = 3.13V to 3.47V, T_{OP} = 0 °C to +70 °C

| Parameters | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|-------|------|
| Operating Data Rate, per Lane | DR | | 25.78125 | | Gb/s | |
| Total Average Launch Power | TP _{AVG} | +8 | | +12 | dBm | |
| Average Launch Power, per Lane | P _{AVG} | +2 | | +6 | dBm | |
| Difference in Launch Power between any two Lanes | P _{TX-DIFF} | | | 3.6 | dB | |
| Optical Wavelength, each Lane | λ _{L0} | 1272.55 | 1273.55 | 1274.54 | nm | |
| | λ _{L1} | 1276.89 | 1277.89 | 1278.89 | nm | |
| | λ _{L2} | 1281.25 | 1282.26 | 1283.27 | nm | |
| | λ _{L3} | 1285.65 | 1286.66 | 1287.68 | nm | |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | Δλ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Optical Extinction Ratio | ER | 6 | | | dB | |
| Optical Eye Mask { X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3 } | | { 0.25, 0.4, 0.45, 0.25, 0.28, 0.4 } | | | | 1 |
| Average Launch Power OFF, per Lane | P _{OFF} | | | -30 | dBm | |
| Relative Intensity Noise (OMA) | RIN | | | -130 | dB/Hz | |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance | ORLT | | | 20 | dB | |
| Transmitter Reflectance | R _{TX} | | | -12 | dB | |
| Input Differential Impedance | Z _{IN} | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |
| Differential Data Input Voltage | V _{IN-PP} | 180 | | 1000 | mVpp | |

Note1: Hit ratio 5×10^{-5} hits per sample.



Receiver Electro-optical Characteristics

V_{CC} = 3.13V to 3.47V, T_{OP} = 0 °C to +70 °C

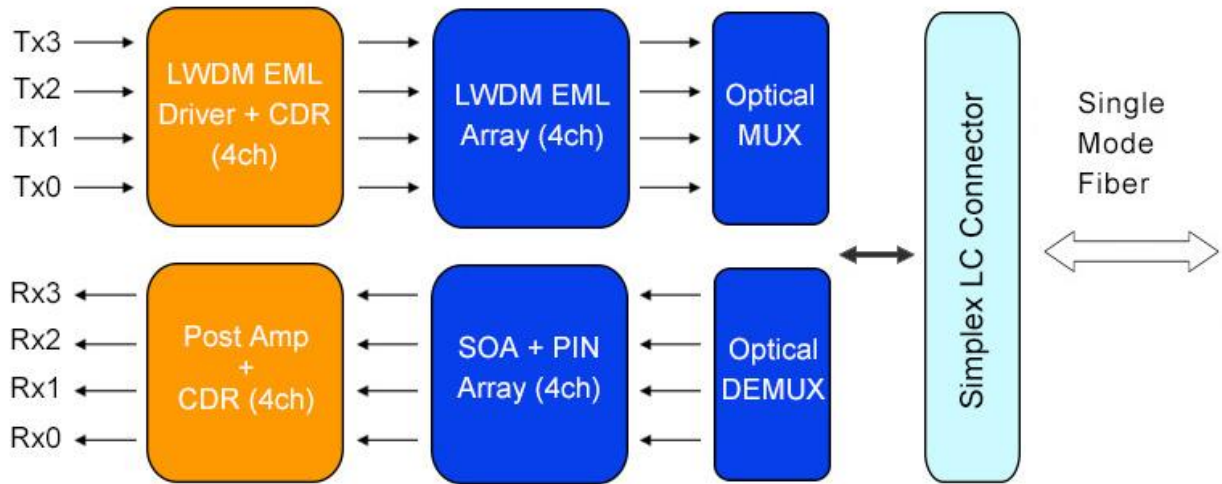
| Parameters | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|---|---------------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|------|
| Operating Data Rate, per Lane | DR | | 25.78125 | | Gb/s | |
| Average Receive Power, per Lane | PRX-AVG | -30 | | -7 | dBm | |
| Maximum Receive Power (Saturation) | PRX-MAX | -7 | | | dBm | 1 |
| Receiver Sensitivity (AVG), per Lane | SEN _{AVG} | | | -28 | dBm | 2 |
| Optical Wavelength, each Lane | λ_{L0} | 1294.53 | 1295.56 | 1296.59 | nm | |
| | λ_{L1} | 1299.02 | 1300.05 | 1301.09 | nm | |
| | λ_{L2} | 1303.54 | 1304.58 | 1305.63 | nm | |
| | λ_{L3} | 1308.09 | 1309.14 | 1310.09 | nm | |
| Receiver Reflectance | R _{RX} | | | -26 | dB | |
| LOS De-Assert | LOS _D | | | -29 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | LOS _A | -40 | | | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | LOS _{HY} | 0.5 | | | dB | |
| Receiver Electrical 3dB upper Cutoff Frequency, each Lane | F _{CUT} | | | 31 | GHz | |
| Output Differential Impedance | Z _{OUT} | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |
| Differential Data Output Voltage | V _{OUT-PP} | 350 | | 900 | mVpp | |

Note1: The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.

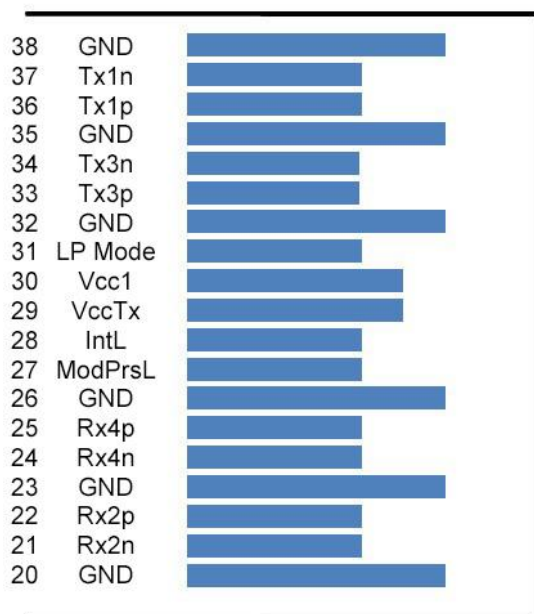
Note2: Measured with conformance test signal at receiver input @25.78125Gbps, ER=8.2dB, BER= 5x10⁻⁵ with PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern.



Transceiver Block Diagram

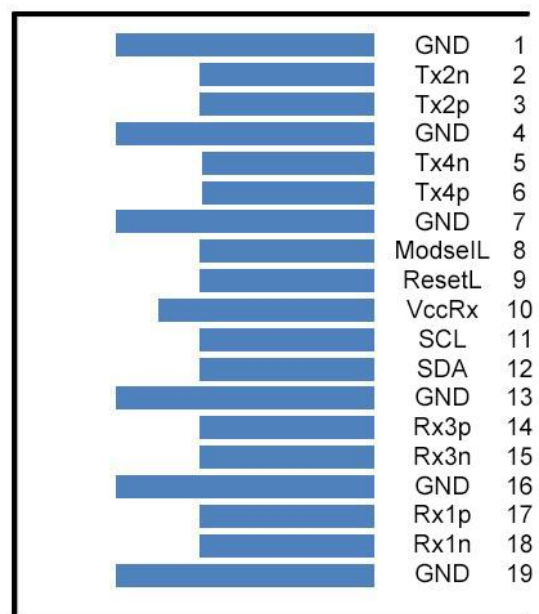


Pin Assignment



Top Side
Viewed From Top

Module Card Edge



Bottom Side
Viewed From Bottom



Pin Description

| Pin | Logic | Name | Function / Description |
|-----|-------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 2 | CML-I | Tx2n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 3 | CML-I | Tx2p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 4 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 5 | CML-I | Tx4n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 6 | CML-I | Tx4p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 7 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 8 | LVTLL-I | ModSelL | Module Select |
| 9 | LVTLL-I | ResetL | Module Reset |
| 10 | | VccRx | +3.3V Power Supply Receiver |
| 11 | LVC MOS-I/O | SCL | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock |
| 12 | LVC MOS-I/O | SDA | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data |
| 13 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 14 | CML-O | Rx3p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 15 | CML-O | Rx3n | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 16 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 17 | CML-O | Rx1p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 18 | CML-O | Rx1n | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 19 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 20 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 21 | CML-O | Rx2n | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 22 | CML-O | Rx2p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 23 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 24 | CML-O | Rx4n | Receiver Inverted Data Output |
| 25 | CML-O | Rx4p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output |
| 26 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 27 | LVTLL-O | ModPrsL | Module Present |
| 28 | LVTLL-O | IntL | Interrupt |
| 29 | | VccTx | +3.3V Power Supply Transmitter |
| 30 | | Vcc1 | +3.3V Power Supply |
| 31 | LVTLL-I | LPMODE | Low Power Mode |
| 32 | | GND | Module Ground |

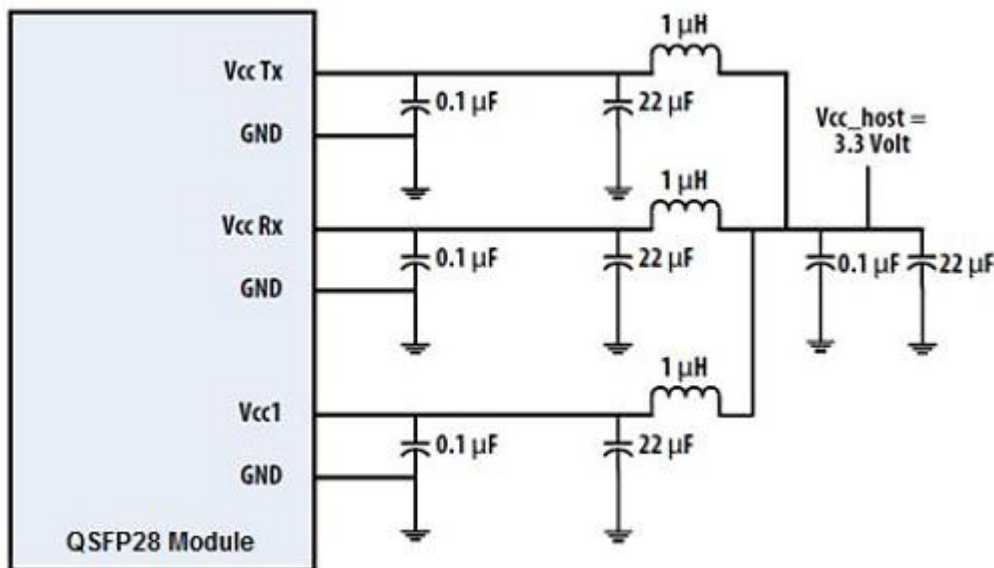


| | | | |
|----|-------|------|-------------------------------------|
| 33 | CML-I | Tx3p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 34 | CML-I | Tx3n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 35 | | GND | Module Ground |
| 36 | CML-I | Tx1p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |
| 37 | CML-I | Tx1n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input |
| 38 | | GND | Module Ground |

Note1: GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP28 modules. All are common within the QSFP28 module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground lane.

Note2: VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiver and transmitter power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP28 transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 1000mA.

Recommended Power Supply Filter





Digital Diagnostic Functions

As defined by the QSFP28 MSA, Ficer's QSFP28 transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

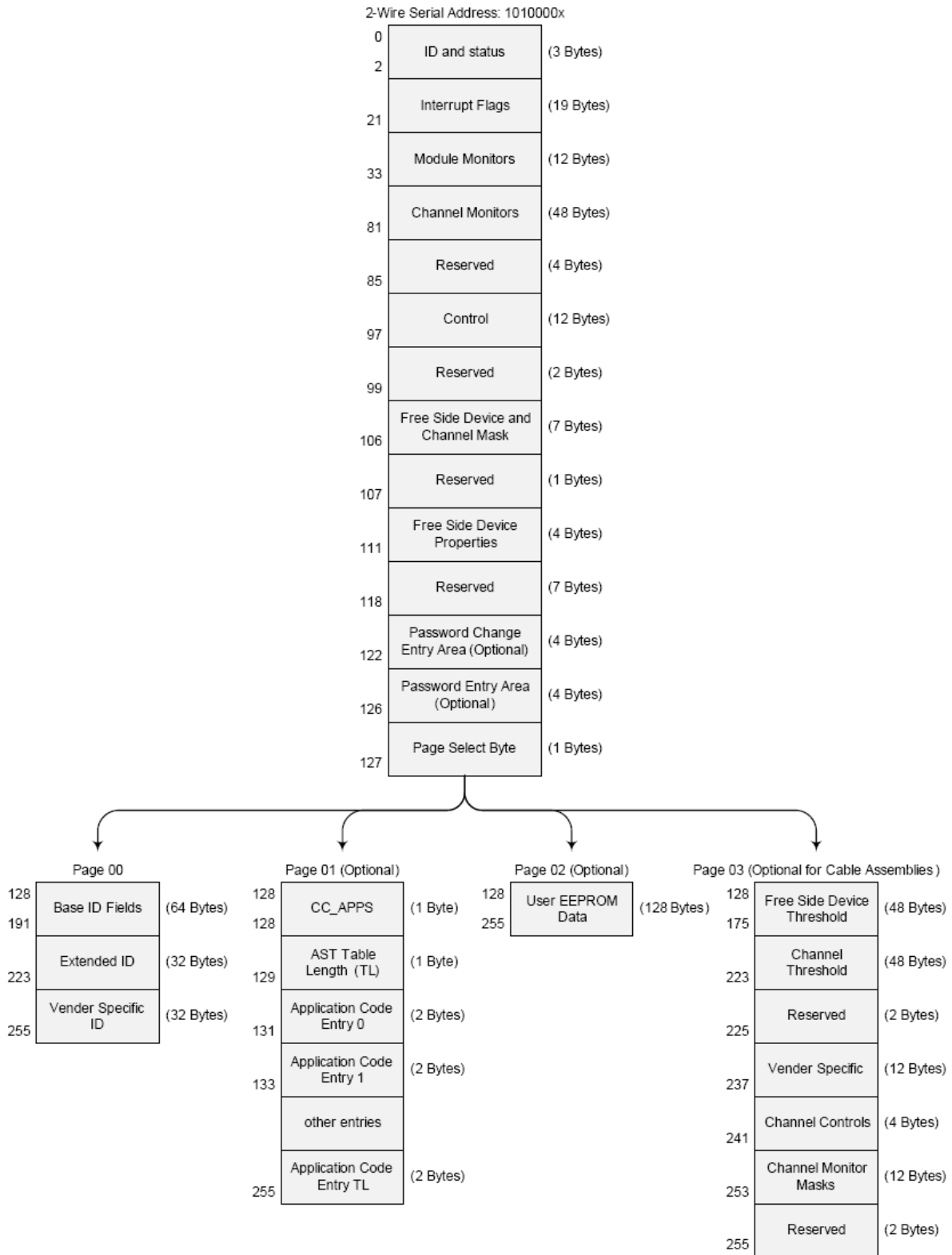
- Transceiver temperature
- Laser bias current
- Transmitted optical power
- Received optical power
- Transceiver supply voltage

It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Controller (DDC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the QSFP28 transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the QSFP28 transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The 2-wire serial interface provides sequential or random access to the 8 bit parameters, addressed from 000h to the maximum address of the memory.

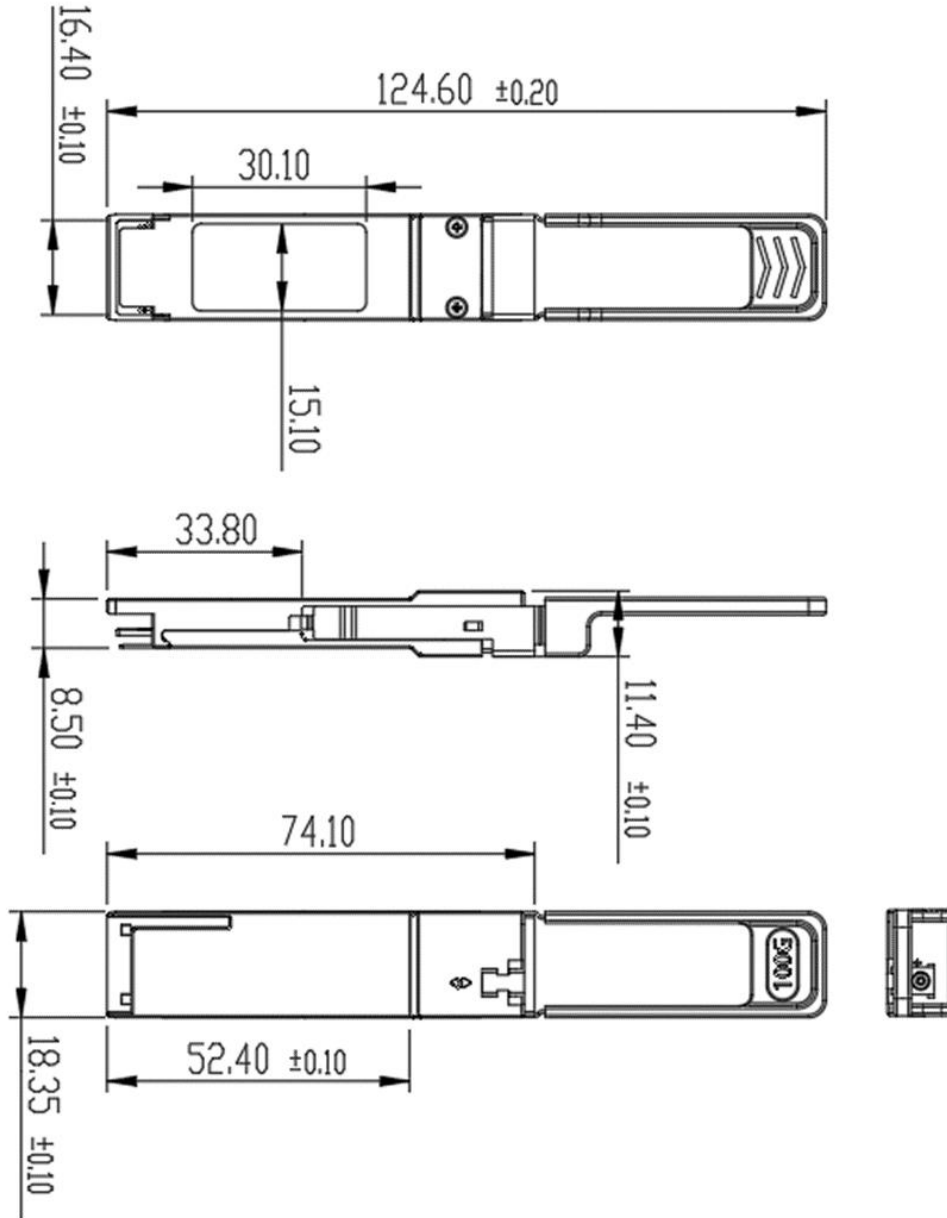
For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the QSFP28 MSA Specification.

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map





Mechanical Dimensions



(All Dimensions are ±0.20mm Unless Otherwise Specified, Unit: mm)



Ordering Information

| Part No. | Tx | Rx | Link | DDM | Temp. |
|------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------|-----|---------|
| FQ28-K8-L73-80D (Aqua Pull Tab) | 1273.55nm 1277.89nm 1282.26nm 1286.66nm | 1295.56nm 1300.05nm 1304.58nm 1309.14nm | SMF 80km (with FEC) | Yes | 0~+70°C |

Note: Distances are indicative only. To calculate a more precise link budget based on specific conditions in your application, please refer to the optical characteristics.